Statement showing the labour attendance on the works actually started.

Sl. No	Name of work	14-3-59	15-3-59	16-3-59	17-3-59	18-3-59
1	Minchinal-Atharga Tamba Road, Taluka Indi.	...	12	15	20	28
2	Korwar-Kokatnur Road, Taluka Sindgi.	2	...	...	9	...
3	Kalkeri-Dambal Road, Taluka Sindgi.	...	...	...	...	...
4	Sasamur-Dindwar-Masabinal Road, Taluka Bagewadi.	...	10	23	52	60
5	Balaganur metal collection.	...	...	8	20	...
6	Talikot—Devarthippargi Road.	...	...	...	...	...
7	Badagandi-Sangam Road	...	...	...	...	...
8	Navalgi Approach Road	...	9	11	...	...
9	Mudhol-Kulali Road ...	...	...	...	...	8

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

Sri KADIDAL MANJAPPA (Minister for Revenue).—Sir, I beg to introduce the Mysore Tenancy Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1959 which has been published in the *Mysore Gazette* under rule 64 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Mysore Legislative Assembly.

I beg to introduce the Mysore Rent Control Laws (Continuance) Bill, 1959 which has been published in the *Mysore Gazette* under rule 64 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Mysore Legislative Assembly.

Sri T. SUBRAMANYA (Minister for Law, Labour and Local Self-Government).—Sir, I beg to introduce the Madras District Boards (Mysore Amendment) Bill, 1959 which has been published in the *Mysore Gazette* under rule 64 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Mysore Legislative Assembly.

Sir, I beg to introduce the Bombay Local Boards (Mysore Amendment) Bill, 1959 which has been published in the *Mysore Gazette* under rule 64 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Mysore Legislative Assembly.

(i) The Madras District Boards (Mysore Amendment) Bill, 1959.

(ii) The Bombay Local Boards (Mysore Amendment) Bill, 1959.

Member's Representation.

Sri C. M. ARUMUGHAM (Kolar Gold Fields).—We have received a circular from the Secretary stating that the Government is arranging for the Members to go round the State through important roads consisting of several districts and that tour will be in a bus. This is the fifth time we have received this circular. During Sri Nijalingappa's time the same thing happened twice. We feel it is a sort of an insult to the Members. It appears it is a very bad sign for the Government. Last time

(SRI C. M. ARUMUGHAM)

they introduced the circular and the very next day they went out of office. The same thing should not happen to my friend Sri Jatti. He should withdraw that circular. It has come from our Secretary. I request you to instruct him to withdraw it.

Sri B. D. JATTI (Chief Minister).—Sir, this is a circular which was issued in response to the wishes of the Hon'ble Members of this House. Whenever we issue the circular, if two or three M.L.As. come, it is not possible for us to execute the tour programme. My friend is making much of it. If the Hon'ble Members are not ready, what shall we do? My friend is fond of making remarks with regard to Ministry and he may enjoy it. But if there are a substantial number of members willing to go on tour, tour will be arranged.

NON-OFFICIAL RESOLUTIONS.

Constitution of Standing Committee for each Ministry.

(Debate continued)

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA (Nanjangud).—I said I will try to get more information from the Lok Sabha in regard to this particular matter and place it before this Hon'ble House. I have since been able to get some information about the committees that the Government of India have set up and they are functioning from almost July 1954. The idea was that these committees should provide opportunities to Members of Parliament of knowing the working of the Government Departments and bringing them closer to Government. Sir, it is also realised according to the decision of the Government of India that these committees need not be statutory and no statutory functions are assigned to them. They are informal committees. I am fully aware of it. Then they have formed a number of groups which consist of different political parties. These committees I visualise must consist of different political parties. This is the basis of the formation of these committees in the Government of India and in the Lok Sabha. The aim is that these groups consisting of various political parties should discuss questions of general policy and arrive at a closer understanding of the functioning of the Government. Sir, it is also claimed on behalf of these committees, that they have been able to reduce a number of questions in the Lok Sabha and it has also raised the level of the debate due to closer understanding and better appreciation of the view-points mentioned therein. Well, Sir, it is also mentioned that it is entirely left to the discretion of the Minister concerned so far as secret and very confidential matters relating to Government are concerned, whether they are to be excluded from the purview of some of these committees or not. Some of the committees made use of these confidential information to the detriment of the Governmental interest and that is one of the reasons why very strictly confidential matters are excluded from the purview of these committees. It is also part of the scheme that no question will be officially referred to the Standing Committees or informal representative committees. And then no Government policy or implementation of any scheme will get held up merely because the matter is referred to these committees. Then, Sir, they have also fixed the number of members for each of these committees. They stated that it should not consist of more than 25 to 30 members, adequate representation being given to both Lok Sobha Members and Rajya Sabha Members. Well, Sir, talking of these committees, even before 1954, I understand that the Prime Minister had constituted a Consultative Committee on Foreign Affairs. He had taken that committee into confidence and he had been informing them of the various happenings in the international field which were not otherwise possible to be mentioned either on the floor of the Lok Sabha or Rajya Sabha or even otherwise. That shows what great importance has been attached by the Government of India in regard to these particular committees. Sir,